

TECTA-PDS

- Our Mandate: To revolutionize the microbial monitoring of water
- The Problem: Inadequate microbiological testing ancient methods lead to water quality and human health problems
- We can and should do better.
- The Solution: Lab equivalent, automated microbial detection system for on-site testing
 - The only "RAPID, AUTOMATED, & APPROVED" method available



Company Introduction

■ TECTA-PDS — Quick history

- Queen's University (Canada)
- Response to E. coli contamination in Walkerton, Canada
- Acquired by Veolia Water in 2008
- Management buyout in 2016
- TECTA Solutions
 - → Rapid, automated microbial detection of E. coli and Coliforms bacteria





The Problem: E.Coli is a reality

Boil water advisory issued for Picture Butte

Alberta Health Services says water should be boiled for at least a minute before consumed



Tap water warning in Copenhagen after E.coli found

Aug 21, 2011

The Problem: E.Coli is a reality

REPORT OF THE TREE 'Preventable' Se E. coli crisis tragedy claims fifth victim

Walkerton Report – Causes:

- Lack of technology
- Centralized testing
- Storage and transport of samples
- Long overall test time
- Manual test method
- opportunity for human error / human negligence
- Regulatory shortcomings
- INADEQUATE TESTING

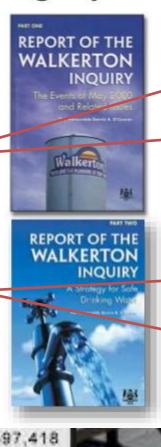


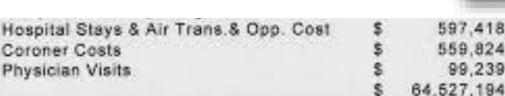
The COST



Response to the Walkerton Tragedy

- Part One of the Walkerton Commission of Inquiry:
 - Improper operating practices by the Walkerton
 Public Utilities Commission and lack of regulatory and compliance obligations by the Ontario
 Government
 - Total estimated damage: \$64.5-155 million
- Part Two of the Walkerton Commission of Inquiry:
 - The Commission recommended that Ontario residents be guaranteed by law that their tap water is safe
 - The Ontario Government to spend \$329 million to make the water safe
 - The Ontario Ministry of the Environment to establish an agency to oversee water safety









The Solution...

Walkerton Report – Solution / Government checklist:

- Automated test
- Testing done on-site, on-line
- No storage or shipping
- Overall test turn-around at most one day
- No visual estimation or judgment
 - Replace human sample manipulation/intervention/decision making with Intelligent System using objective, pre-set criteria

TECTATM Solutions Rapid, Automated Microbial Detection System





TECTA-PDS

Solution-Culture Test Methods

- Current methods for E.coli and TC involve enzyme detection through:
 - Shipping water sample to an accredited laboratory
 - Various aseptic manipulations of the water sample
 - Fixed time incubation of 18, 24 or 48 hours
 - Visual interpretation of colour or fluorescence change
 - Manually keeping records of all samples









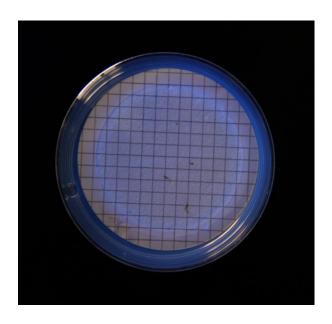






Membrane Filtration - Results

How hard is it to count - What's the big deal??



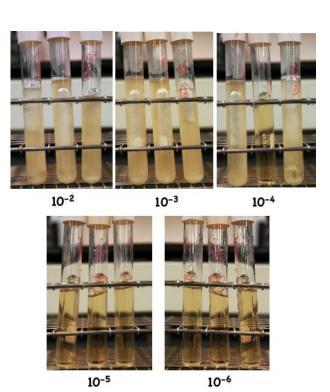


- dynamic range 0~80 CFU or sample dilutions required
- excess "general bacteria" can result in "over-grown" plate



Other Methods

- Test Tube Methods
 - Lactose fermenting bacteria
 - Presence of gas bubbles in each tube
 - P/A or quant using multi-tubes & MPN
 - When was it invented??
 - **-** 1914
 - Still being used today



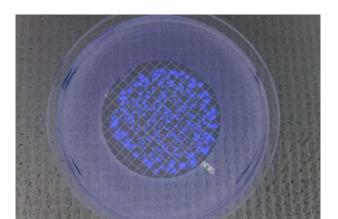


Other Methods

- Defined substrate methods (or Enzyme methods)
 - Colour change and fluorescence
 - Two method styles
 - Solution Culture media powder mixed into sample
 - MF Plates
 - IDEXX Colilert, Colitag; Colisure; ReadyCult; E*Colite
 - P/A or quant by MPN (Quantitray or tubes); plate counting
 - When was it invented??
 - **-** 1988



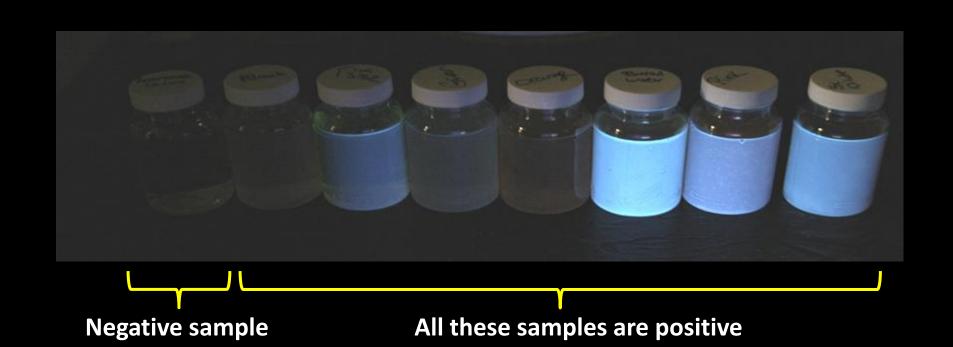






Visual detection

Visual detection is subjective, might depend on lab



(Spiked E.coli Samples)

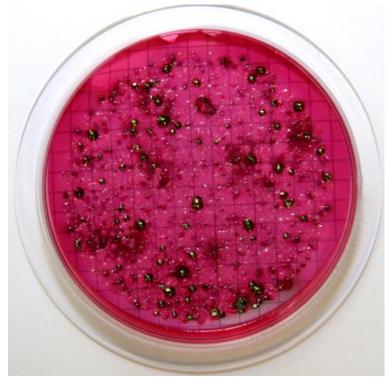
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Visual detection

Visual detection is subjective, might depend on lab







Enzyme Chemistry – Traditional Methods

Current chromogenic substrate method:

- Fluorescent marker for E.Coli, Colour change for Total Coliforms
- Markers are hydrophillic and stay dissolved in the sample

Competitor E.Coli Substrate

- Human interprets the results sometimes difficult to tell!
- Fixed incubation time
- Requires a laboratory infrastructure



Conventional methods

Much longer turn-around time

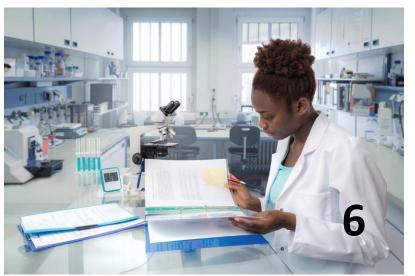












Between 36 – 72 hours plus



Automated method

- Selective broth culture with detection of enzymes identical to conventional tests:
 - glucoronidase for *E. coli*
 - galactosidase for coliforms
- Opto-chemical sensor extracts and automatically detects enzyme product
- Complete test and sensor in a single-use cartridge with pre-measured reagents
- Simple instrument that can be operated in the field
- Continuous automated interpretation and reporting of sample result





 Isolating the optical detection outside of the water sample matrix allows TECTA method to test coloured and turbid samples



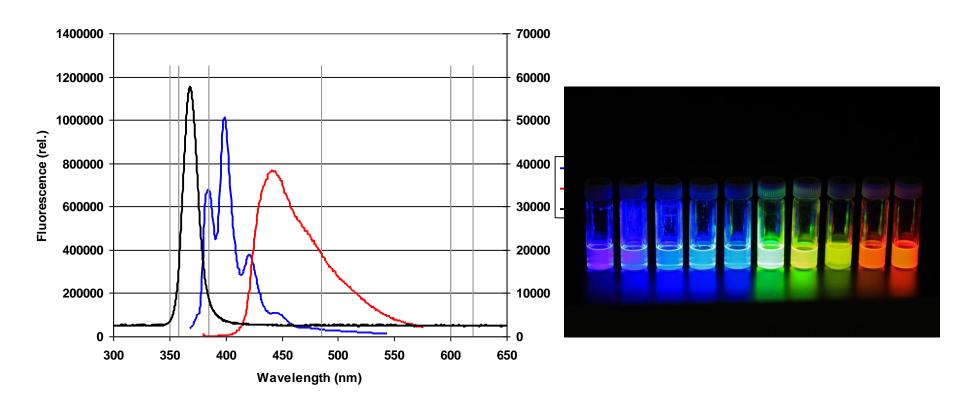




- Same indicator enzymes as other approved methods
 - for E. coli use glucuronidase enzyme.
 - for Total Coliforms use galactosidase enzyme.
- Hydrophobic fluorescent markers can be 'extracted' out of sample for analysis.
- Automate detection and eliminate human interpretation.

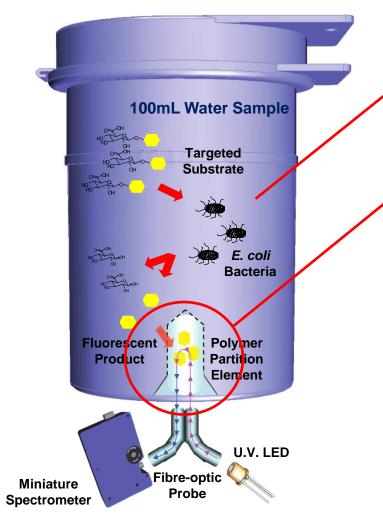


 Separate fluorescent colours used for monitoring E.coli and Total Coliforms independently within the same sample





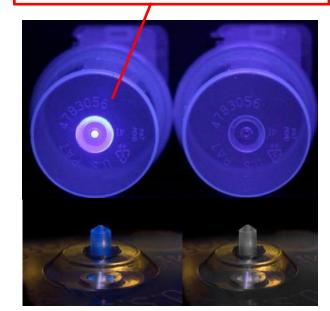
Enzyme-substrate / solution culture method



Detecting identical enzyme as conventional methods

Extracting fluorescent markers outside of sample into polymer

Automated detection of fluorescence in polymer triggers result





The TECTA Solution

- The Problem: Traditional methods are manual, require a lab, slow to get samples to a lab, require visual interpretation and manual record keeping
- The TECTA Solution: Fully automated analysis, Rapid, EPA approved, microbial detection system
 - It remains the only "RAPID, AUTOMATED, & APPROVED" method available





TECTA-PDS

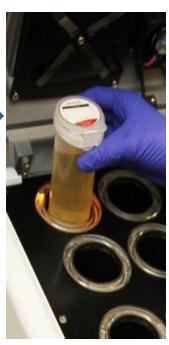
The TECTA Solution











Just add water...

...and press "Play"



B16 and B4 Systems





- Fully automated bacterial test E.coli, Total Coliform, Fecal, Enterococcus
- Lab-in-a-box Place water sample cartridge in unit, press start, walk away
- Fully automated test monitoring, interpretation and reporting via email
- US EPA Approval with single cell sensitivity
- Test any water, waste water matrix not affected by turbidity or sample colour
- High dynamic range with no dilutions required



TECTAlert-CCA

- E.coli & Total Coliform
- Incubation at 35.5°C
- Popular for Drinking Water

TECTAlert-ECA

- E.coli
- Incubation at 41.5°C
- Rapid Test (16 hours)
- Popular for Bathing Water
- Marine water must be diluted 1:10

TECTAlert-FCA

- Fecal Coliform
- Incubation at 44.5°C
- Popular for Wastewater

TECTAlert-ENA

- Enterococcus
- Incubation at 41.5°C
- Popular for Bathing Water
- Marine water must be diluted 1:10