

A T C A T C G T A T C C A T C C C T A T C C A T C C C T  
 T C A T C C C T A T C G C T T C C A T C T G C T T C A  
 A T C T T C A T C C G T A T C T G C T T C C A T C T G C T  
 C C A T T T C A T C C G T A T C  
 G C T T C C A T C C C T A T C G C  
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**BIOTECON** Diagnostics

**foodproof®**

## GMO Screening LyoKits

Hydrolysis Probes



### For safer food – BIOTECON Diagnostics – simply builds up trust!

Worldwide cultivation of genetically modified organisms (GMO) is constantly rising. Transgenic crops are grown on more than 190 million hectares in countries such as the USA, Brazil, Argentina, India and Canada. Many countries have implemented legislations for the use, cultivation and labeling of GMOs, including the European Union (EU). According to EU law, foods, feed and additives with more than 0.9% relative amount of GMO must be labeled. Thus, reliable methods for GMO screening, identification and quantification are required.

The **foodproof®** GMO Screening LyoKits are based on the real-time PCR technology which is well-established in the food industry as a highly sensitive and specific detection method.

**Fast:** 3 h to result with < 60 min of hands-on time.

**Safe:** Prevention of carry-over contamination using Uracil-N-Glycosylase. Internal amplification control as inhibition control included.

**Sensitive:** LyoKits Limit of Detection (LOD) 0.01% relative GMO content or 1 target copy/μl.

**Comprehensive:** 8 screening targets for minimum effort and maximum coverage.

**Convenient lyophilized kit format:** Easy pipetting, low risk of contaminations, easy storage, higher sensitivity.

**According official methods:** The assays comply with ISO 21569 and the German Food Law § 64 LFGB.

#### Best Specificity

##### 100% Inclusivity

- Validated with reference material
- Detection of > 95% of all approved genetically modified plants

##### Controls Included

- Positive and negative controls
- Plant Detection LyoKit to check DNA quality
- Uracil-N-Glycosylase

#### Matrices

For food and feed products. Compatible with all relevant food matrices like tofu, fruit yoghurt, rice waffle, fat, vegetable burger, soya drink, flour, cracker, salt sticks and barbecue sauce.

A T C A T C G T A T C C A T C C C T A T C C A T C C C T  
T C A T C C C T A T C G C T T C C A T C T G C T T C A  
A T C T T C A T C C G T A T C T G C T T C C A T C T G C T  
C C A T T T C A T C C G T A T C  
G C T T C C A T C C C T A T C G C  
T C A T C C A T C C C T A T C T G C T T C C A T C T G C T



**BIOTECON** Diagnostics

## Workflow



## GMO Screening Kits

- R 602 17 **foodproof®** GMO Screening 1 LyoKit (5' Nuclease), 96 reactions  
Targets: 35S, NOS, FMV
- R 602 18 **foodproof®** GMO Screening 2 LyoKit (5' Nuclease), 96 reactions  
Targets: bar, P-35S-pat, CTP2-CP4-EPSPS, P-NOS-nptII, P-35S-nptII
- R 602 21 **foodproof®** Plant Detection LyoKit (5' Nuclease), 96 reactions  
DNA quality and process control: detection of plant DNA
- R 302 17 **foodproof®** GMO Screening Kit (5' Nuclease), 2x 64 reactions  
Targets: 35S, NOS, bar, FMV; with process control (plant DNA detection)

## GMO Identification Kits

Multiplex identification LyoKits for soya and maize events not covered by screening.

- R 602 24 **foodproof®** GMO Soya Identification 1 LyoKit, 96 reactions  
Targets: DAS-44406-6, MON87701, MON87708, MON87769
- R 602 25 **foodproof®** GMO Soya Identification 2 LyoKit, 96 reactions  
Targets: BPS-CV127-9, DP-305423-1, DAS-68416-4, DAS-81419-2
- R 602 46 **foodproof®** GMO Maize Identification 1 LyoKit, 96 reactions  
Targets: DAS-40278-9, LY038, VCO-01981-5

More Identification and Quantification Kits can be found on our website.

## Specific DNA Extraction Kits

- S 400 06.1 **foodproof®** Sample Preparation Kit III - high quality column purification
- S 400 13.1 L **foodproof®** Magnetic Preparation Kit III - automated purification

## DNA Extraction

- Simple and easy protocols, manually or automated
- High quality clean-up of DNA from raw or processed materials
- Special protocols for highly processed samples (low DNA content)
- Validated combination of DNA extraction and PCR detection

## Instrument Compatibility

- LightCycler®
- 5'Nuclease / TaqMan® cyclers (e.g. PikoReal 24, CFX96, ABI 7500)

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FOR *IN VITRO* USE ONLY

## **foodproof<sup>®</sup> GMO Screening 1 LyoKit**

(P-35S, T-NOS, P-FMV)

### **– 5'Nuclease –**

**Version 2, March 2017**

PCR kit for the qualitative detection of genetically modified organisms (GMO) by screening for P-35S, T-NOS and P-FMV using real-time PCR instruments.

**Order No. R 602 17-1 / R 602 17-2**

**Kit for 96 reactions (lyophilized) for a maximum of  
94 samples**

**Store the kit at 2 to 8 °C**



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## 1. What this Product Does

### Number of Tests

The kit is designed for 96 reactions with a final reaction volume of 25 µl each. Up to 94 samples (single sample preparation) plus positive and negative control reactions can be analyzed per run.

### Storage and Stability

- Store the kit at 2 °C to 8 °C through the expiration date printed on the label.
- Once the kit is opened, store the kit components as described in the following kit contents table:

### Kit contents

Component	Label	Contents / Function / Storage
<b>foodproof<sup>®</sup></b> GMO Screening 1 LyoKit Microplate, prefilled with 96 reactions (lyophilized)	Aluminum bag containing a 8-tube strip mat <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• R 602 17-1 with white low profile tubes*</li><li>• R 602 17-2 with clear regular profile tubes*</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 96 prefilled reactions (lyophilized).</li><li>• Ready-to-use PCR mix containing primer and hydrolysis probes specific for the 35S-promoter (P-35S) of the cauliflower mosaic virus (CaMV), the 3'-untranslated region of the nopaline synthase gene (T-NOS) of <i>Agrobacterium tumefaciens</i> (NOS terminator), the FMV-promoter (P-FMV) of the figwort mosaic virus and the Internal Control (IC) as well as Taq DNA Polymerase and Uracil-DNA N-Glycosylase (UNG, heat labile) for prevention of carry-over contamination.</li><li>• For amplification and detection of P-35S, T-NOS, P-FMV and Internal Control (IC) sequences.</li><li>• Store at 2 °C to 8 °C in the aluminum bag (sealed).</li><li>• <b>Protect from light and moisture!</b></li></ul>
Control Template	Vial 2 (purple cap)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1 x 250 µl</li><li>• Contains a stabilized solution of DNA.</li><li>• For use as a PCR run positive control.</li><li>• Store at 2 to 8 °C.</li></ul>
H <sub>2</sub> O PCR-grade	Vial 3 (colorless cap)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 2 x 1 ml</li><li>• Nuclease-free, PCR-grade H<sub>2</sub>O.</li><li>• For use as a PCR run negative control.</li></ul>
Cap strips	Plastic bag containing 8-cap strips	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 12 x 8-cap strip</li><li>• For use in real-time PCR after addition of samples.</li></ul>

\*Tube profile and instrument compatibility chart is available online: [www.bc-diagnostics.com/compatibility-chart](http://www.bc-diagnostics.com/compatibility-chart)

### Additional Equipment and Reagents Required

- Real-time PCR cycler suitable for detection of FAM-, HEX-, ROX- and Cy5-labeled probes as well as for using low or regular profile strip tubes. In cases the strip tubes don't fit for the instrument the samples have to be transferred after resuspension of the lyophilized PCR mix to appropriate PCR vessels.
- Sample Preparation Kit
  - **foodproof<sup>®</sup>** Sample Preparation Kit III (Order No. S 400 06.1)<sup>1</sup> or
  - **foodproof<sup>®</sup>** Magnetic Preparation Kit III (Order No. S 400 13)<sup>1</sup>
- Nuclease-free, aerosol-resistant pipette tips
- Pipettes
- Vortex centrifuge Multispin MSC-6000 for PCR-strips (Order No. D 110 66)<sup>1</sup> **with**
- SR-32, Rotor for MSC-3000/6000 (Order No. D 110 65)<sup>1</sup> **or**
- Vortex centrifuge CVP-2 for PCR-plates (Order No. D 110 67)<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Available from BIOTECON Diagnostics; see ordering Information for details

### Applicability Statement

The **foodproof<sup>®</sup>** GMO Screening 1 LyoKit – 5'Nuclease – is intended for the rapid detection of one or more of the three inserted primary control sequences (P-35S, T-NOS or P-FMV) in genetically modified plants from preparations of raw material and processed food as well as feed and seed samples.



The kit must not be used in diagnostic procedures.

The kit described in this instruction manual has been developed for real-time PCR instruments with a FAM, a HEX, a ROX and a Cy5 detection channel. The performance of the kit was tested with the following real-time PCR instruments: LightCycler® 480, LightCycler® 96 (Roche Diagnostics), Mx3005P® (Agilent Technologies), ABI 7500 FAST (Applied Biosystems), AriaMx® (Agilent Technologies), and PikoReal® 24 (Thermo Scientific).

**Note:** A color compensation (Color Compensation Set 3; Order No. A 500 10) is necessary and will be supplied by BIOTECON Diagnostics for users of the LC 480 Systems I and II. Please contact BIOTECON Diagnostics for further information.

## 2. How to Use this Product

### 2.1 Before You Begin

#### Precautions

Detection of DNA from genetically modified organisms (GMO) using the **foodproof®** GMO Screening 1 LyoKit requires DNA amplification by PCR. The kit provides all reagents required for the PCR. However, in order to achieve reliable results, the entire assay procedure must be performed under nuclease-free conditions. Follow the instructions below to avoid nuclease-, carry-over-, or cross-contamination:

- Keep the kit components separate from other reagents in the laboratory.
- Use nuclease-free labware (e.g., pipettes, pipette tips, reaction vials).
- Wear gloves when performing the assay.
- To avoid cross-contamination of samples and reagents, use fresh aerosol-preventive pipette tips.
- To avoid carry-over contamination, transfer the required solutions for one experiment into a fresh tube, rather than directly pipetting from stock solutions.
- Physically separate the workplaces for DNA preparation, PCR setup, and PCR to minimize the risk of carry-over contamination. Use a PCR hood for all pipetting steps.

**Keep the foodproof® GMO Screening 1 lyophilized PCR Mix away from light and moisture.**

#### Sample Material

Use any sample material suitable for PCR in terms of purity, concentration, and absence of inhibitors. For preparation of genomic DNA from raw material of plant origin or from food, refer to the corresponding product package inserts of a suitable sample preparation kit (see *“Additional Equipment and Reagents Required”*).

#### DNA Extraction

BIOTECON Diagnostics provides sample preparation kits suitable for all kind of raw material and food samples (see *“Additional Equipment and Reagents Required”*).

For more product information please refer to [www.bc-diagnostics.com](http://www.bc-diagnostics.com).

#### Positive Control

Always run a positive control with the samples. To prepare a positive control, replace the template DNA with the provided control DNA [**foodproof®** GMO Screening 1 Control Template (vial 2, purple cap)] or with a positive sample preparation control.

#### Negative Control

Always run a negative control with the samples. To prepare a negative control, replace the template DNA with H<sub>2</sub>O PCR-grade (vial 3, colorless cap). Include a negative control during sample preparation to monitor reaction purity and cross-contamination. This extraction control can be used as an additional negative control reaction.



**2.2 Procedure**  
**Program Setup**

The following procedure is optimized for a real-time PCR instrument with a FAM (for P-35S), HEX (for T-NOS), ROX (for P-FMV) and Cy5 (for Internal Control) detection channel. Program the PCR instrument before preparing the PCR samples. Use the following real-time PCR-protocol for the **foodproof**® GMO Screening 1 LyoKit. For details on how to program the experimental protocol, see the Instrument Operator’s Manual of your real-time PCR-cycler:

**Program for the Roche LightCycler® 480, LightCycler® 96, AriaMx® and ABI 7500 FAST:**

<u>Pre-incubation</u>	<b>1 cycle</b>
Step 1:	37 °C for 4 minutes
Step 2:	95 °C for 10 minutes
 <u>Amplification</u>	 <b>50 cycles</b>
Step 1:	95 °C for 5 seconds
Step 2*:	60 °C for 60 seconds

**Program for other real-time PCR instruments:**

<u>Pre-incubation</u>	<b>1 cycle</b>
Step 1:	37 °C for 4 minutes
Step 2:	95 °C for 10 minutes
 <u>Amplification</u>	 <b>50 cycles</b>
Step 1:	95 °C for 15 seconds
Step 2*:	60 °C for 60 seconds

\* Fluorescence detection in step 2

**Notes:**

- For some real-time PCR instruments the type of the probe quencher as well as the usage of a passive reference dye has to be specified. The **foodproof**® GMO Screening 1 LyoKit contains probes with a non-fluorescent (“dark”) quencher and no passive reference dye.
- For users of the Agilent Mx3005P instrument: Click “Instrument → Filter Set Gain Settings” to open the Filter Set Gain Settings dialog box in which the gain settings may be viewed and modified. For FAM the Filter Set Gain Setting has to be modified to “x1”.

**Preparation of the PCR Mix**

Proceed as described below to prepare a 25 µl standard reaction. Always wear gloves when handling strips or caps. Use any sample material suitable for PCR in terms of purity, concentration, and absence of inhibitors.

**Note:** The PCR strips must be stored in the provided aluminum bag with the silica gel pads to avoid liquid absorption.

1. Take the needed number of PCR tube strips out of the aluminum bag. Use scissors or scalpel to cut the strips apart. Tightly seal the bag afterwards and store away at the recommended conditions.
2. Place the PCR tube strips containing the lyophilized reagents in a suitable PCR tube rack. Check that the reagent pellets are at the bottom of the tubes. If not, briefly centrifuge or flick the pellets to the bottom before proceeding.
3. Decap the tube strips cautiously and discard the cap strips.

**Note:** Do not leave strips open for extended periods of time. To avoid unwanted liquid absorption, open strips only shortly before filling.

4. Pipet 25 µl sample into each PCR-vessel:
  - For the samples of interest, add 25 µl sample DNA (if using less volume, add PCR-grade H<sub>2</sub>O to achieve 25 µl).
  - For the negative control, add 25 µl PCR-grade H<sub>2</sub>O (vial 3, colorless cap).
  - For the positive control, add 25 µl **foodproof**® GMO Screening 1 Control Template (vial 2, purple cap).

**Note:** To reduce the risk of cross-contamination, it is recommended to prepare only one PCR tube strip at a time.

5. Seal the vessels accurately and tightly with the colorless cap strips.

6. Mix thoroughly using a vortex centrifuge.

**Note:** BIOTECON Diagnostics recommends vortex centrifuges Multispin MSC-3000 (D 110 64) for PCR-strips or vortex centrifuge CVP-2 for PCR-plates (D 110 67). Dedicated protocols are available for this centrifuge.

**Note:** Alternatively resuspend the pellet by manual mixing. This may be achieved by cautiously pipetting the sample up and down multiple times during step 4 or flipping the tube strips after sealing while pressing down the cap strip.

7. Spin the PCR tube strips for 30 seconds at 150 – 200 g in a suitable centrifuge.

**Note:** If your centrifuge exceeds 200 g, do not centrifuge for more than 5 seconds. Avoid centrifugation at forces exceeding 1000 g!

8. Place the samples in your PCR cycler and run the program as described above.

**Note:** For using any LightCycler 480 instrument, a special adapter (Order No. Z 100 24) is necessary. For some PCR instruments, the PCR strips should be placed in a balanced order into the cycler block. For example two strips can be placed in column 1 and 12.

### 2.3 Data Interpretation

The amplification of the P-35S sequence is analyzed in the fluorescence channel suitable for FAM labeled probes detection. The amplification of the T-NOS sequence is analyzed in the fluorescence channel suitable for the detection of HEX labeled and the amplification of the P-FMV sequence is analyzed in the fluorescence channel suitable for the detection of ROX labeled probes. The specific amplification of the Internal Control is analyzed in the fluorescence channel suitable for Cy5.

Compare the results from channel FAM (P-35S), channel HEX (T-NOS), channel ROX (P-FMV) and channel Cy5 (Internal Control) for each sample, and interpret the results as described in the table below.

Channel FAM (P-35S)	Channel HEX (T-NOS)	Channel ROX (P-FMV)	Channel Cy5 (Internal Control)	Result Interpretation
Positive	Positive	Positive	Positive or Negative	Positive for P-35S, T-NOS and P-FMV
Negative	Positive	Positive	Positive or Negative	Positive for T-NOS and P-FMV
Positive	Negative	Positive	Positive or Negative	Positive for P-35S and P-FMV
Positive	Positive	Negative	Positive or Negative	Positive for P-35S and T-NOS
Negative	Positive	Negative	Positive or Negative	Positive for T-NOS
Positive	Negative	Negative	Positive or Negative	Positive for P-35S
Negative	Negative	Positive	Positive or Negative	Positive for P-FMV
Negative	Negative	Negative	Positive	Negative for P-35S, T-NOS and P-FMV
Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative	Invalid

**Note:** A prerequisite for the unambiguous discrimination of P-35S, T-NOS and P-FMV as well as Internal Control DNA in this multi-color experiment is a suitable calibration of the PCR instrument for channels FAM, HEX, ROX and Cy5. Please refer to the operation manual of your real-time PCR cycler for further information.





### 3. Troubleshooting

Observation	Possible Reason	Recommendation
No signal increase is observed, even with positive controls.	Incorrect detection channel has been chosen.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Set Channel settings to FAM, HEX, ROX or Cy5.</li></ul>
	Pipetting errors.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Check for correct reaction setup. Repeat the PCR run.</li><li>• Always run a positive control along with your samples.</li></ul>
	No data acquisition programmed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Check the cycle programs.</li></ul>
No signal increase in channel Cy5 is observed.	Inhibitory effects of the sample material (e.g., caused by insufficient purification).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Use the recommended DNA sample preparation kit to purify template DNA.</li><li>• Dilute samples or pipet a lower amount of sample DNA (e.g., 5 µl instead of 25 µl).</li></ul>
Fluorescence intensity is too low.	Inappropriate storage of kit components.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Store the <b>foodproof</b><sup>®</sup> GMO Screening 1 lyophilized PCR Mix at 2 °C to 8 °C, protected from light and moisture.</li></ul>
	Low initial amount of target DNA.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Increase the amount of sample DNA. Depending on the chosen DNA isolation method, inhibitory effects may occur.</li></ul>
Strong decrease of fluorescence baseline	Resuspension of lyophilized PCR mix not complete	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Always resuspend lyophilized PCR mix thoroughly.</li></ul>
Negative control samples are positive.	Carry-over contamination.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Exchange all critical solutions.</li><li>• Repeat the complete experiment with fresh aliquots of all reagents.</li><li>• Always handle samples, kit components and consumables in accordance with commonly accepted practices to prevent carry-over contamination.</li><li>• Add positive controls after sample and negative control reaction vessels have been sealed.</li></ul>
Fluorescence intensity varies.	Insufficient centrifugation of the PCR strips. Resuspend PCR mix is still in the upper part of the vessel.	Always centrifuge PCR strips.
	Outer surface of the vessel or the seal is dirty (e.g., by direct skin contact).	Always wear gloves when handling the vessels and seal.
Pellets are difficult to dissolve.	The lyophilized PCR mix started to rehydrate.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Store the lyophilized PCR mix always in the aluminum bag with the silica gel pad</li><li>• Open Strip shortly before filling.</li></ul>

### 4. Additional Information on this Product

#### How this Product Works

The **foodproof**<sup>®</sup> GMO Screening 1 LyoKit provides all necessary reagents and a control template for reliable interpretations of results. To ensure maximum reliability of the kit and to prevent misinterpretation of negative results due to inhibition of the amplification, an Internal Control (IC) is included. A hydrolysis probe was designed to bind specifically the IC, allowing detection in the Cy5 channel, whereas the GMO-DNA is detected in channels FAM (P-35S), HEX (T-NOS) and ROX (P-FMV). In case of a negative result due to inhibition of the amplification by the sample DNA of interest, the amplification of the IC is suppressed as well, whereas a negative result for the sample DNA of interest and amplification of the IC clearly indicates the absence of GMO-DNA in the sample. The **foodproof**<sup>®</sup> GMO Screening 1 LyoKit minimizes contamination risk and contains all reagents (except for template DNA) needed for the detection of GMO-DNA. Primers and probes provide specific detection of GMO-DNA in food samples. The described performance of the kit is guaranteed for use on the real-time PCR instruments listed above only. The assays are according to ISO 21569 and to German Food Law § 64 LFGB for the detection of genetically modified DNA sequences [1, 2].

### Test Principle

1. Using the kit's sequence-specific primers in a polymerase chain reaction (PCR), the PCR instrument and the supplied reagents amplify fragments of P-35S, T-NOS and P-FMV specific sequences.
2. The PCR instrument detects these amplified fragments in real time through fluorescence generated by cleavage of the hybridized probe due to the 5'-nuclease activity of the Taq DNA polymerase. The probe is labeled at the 5'-end with a reporter fluorophore and at the 3'-end with a quencher.
3. During the annealing/elongation phase of each PCR cycle, the probe hybridizes to an internal sequence of the amplicon and is cleaved by the 5'-nuclease activity of the Taq DNA polymerase. This cleavage of the probe separates the reporter dye from the quencher dye, increasing the reporter dye signal.
4. The PCR instrument measures the emitted fluorescence of the reporter dye.

### Prevention of Carry-Over Contamination

The heat-labile Uracil-DNA N-Glycosylase (UNG) is suitable for preventing carry-over contamination between PCR's. This technique relies on the incorporation of deoxyuridine triphosphate (dUTP) during all amplification reactions, and the pretreatment of all successive PCR mixtures with the heat-labile UNG. The UNG cleaves DNA at any site where a deoxyuridine residue has been incorporated. The resulting abasic sites are hydrolyzed due to the high temperatures during the initial denaturation step, and can no longer serve as PCR templates. The heat-labile UNG is inactivated during the initial denaturation step. Native DNA (e.g., the isolated plant genomic DNA) does not contain uracil and is therefore not degraded by this procedure. Since dTTP is replaced with dUTP and UNG is included in the **foodproof**<sup>®</sup> GMO Screening 1 LyoKit, decontamination can be achieved with the provided reagents.

### Background Information

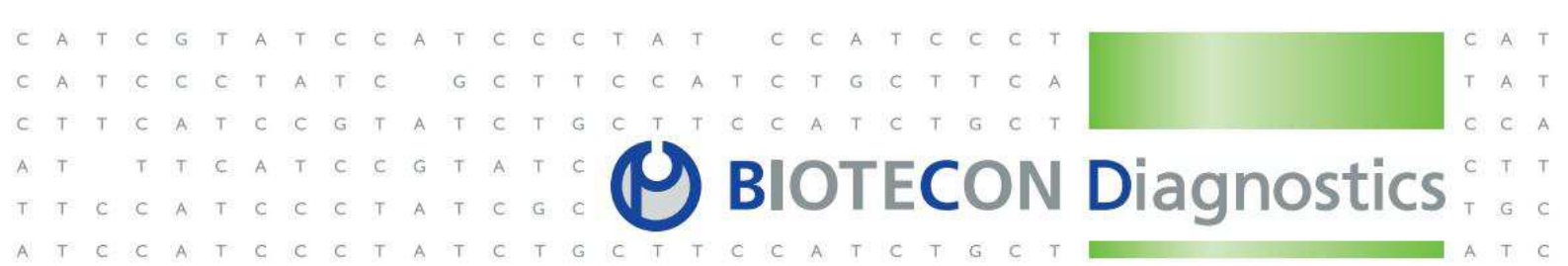
In order to improve product quality, agronomic traits, as well as develop resistance to pests, genetic modification of agriculture crops has become a predominant activity of research departments in the agricultural industry. Due to the ongoing debate surrounding food containing genetically modified organisms (GMOs), and consumer requests for unambiguous labeling of genetically modified foods, various countries established, or are currently in the process of establishing, regulatory frameworks dedicated to GMOs (e.g., Europe [3]). In order to take such frameworks into account, reliable methods for GMO screening in food products are required. The **foodproof** GMO Screening 1 LyoKit provides a simple and rapid molecular method for the simultaneous detection of the P-35S, T-NOS and P-FMV sequences in DNA preparations from raw material and food samples. The 35S-promoter of the cauliflower mosaic virus (CaMV), the 3'-untranslated region (terminator) of the nopaline synthase (NOS) gene of *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* and the 35S-promoter of the figwort mosaic virus (FMV) are three commonly used sequences of genetically modified plants. Most of the presently available GMO crops are positive for the 35S-promoter, the NOS-terminator or the FMV-promoter or several of them together.

### References

1. International Organization of Standardization. ISO 21569:2013, Foodstuffs - Methods of analysis for the detection of genetically modified organisms and derived products - Qualitative nucleic acid based methods, 2013-08
2. Official Compendium of Analytical Methods according to § 64 LFGB (Food and Feed law), Food analysis, Detection of a DNA sequence of the FMV-promoter (pFMV) in foodstuffs using real-time PCR, BVL L 00.00-148, 2014, Beuth Verlag GmbH, Berlin, Köln
3. Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 concerning the traceability and labelling of genetically modified organisms and the traceability of food and feed products produced from genetically modified organisms and amending Directive 2001/18/EC

### Quality Control

The **foodproof**<sup>®</sup> GMO Screening 1 LyoKit is function tested using the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 System.



## 5. Supplementary Information

### 5.1 Ordering Information

BIOTECON Diagnostics is offering a broad range of reagents and services. For a complete overview and for more information, please visit our website at [www.bc-diagnostics.com](http://www.bc-diagnostics.com).

### 5.2 License

#### License Notice

The purchase price of this product includes limited, nontransferable rights under U.S. Patent No. 7,687,247 owned by Life Technologies Corporation to use only this amount of the product to practice the claims in said patent solely for activities of the purchaser for bioburden testing, environmental testing, food testing, or testing for genetically modified organisms (GMO) in accordance with the instructions for use accompanying this product. No other rights are conveyed, including no right to use this product for *in vitro* diagnostic, therapeutic, or prophylactic purposes. Further information on purchasing licenses under the above patent may be obtained by contacting the Licensing Department, Life Technologies Corporation, 5791 Van Allen Way, Carlsbad, CA 92008. Email: [outlicensing@lifetech.com](mailto:outlicensing@lifetech.com).

### 5.3 Trademarks

**foodproof**<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of BIOTECON Diagnostics GmbH.

Other brand or product names are trademarks of their respective holders.

### 5.4 Contact and Support

If you have questions about this or any other product of BIOTECON Diagnostics, please contact our Technical Support staff (for details see [www.bc-diagnostics.com](http://www.bc-diagnostics.com)). Our scientists commit themselves to providing rapid and effective help. We also want you to contact us if you have suggestions for enhancing our product performance or using our products in new or specialized ways. Such customer information has repeatedly proven invaluable to us and the worldwide research community.

## 6. Change Index

*Version 1, March 2015*

First version of the package insert.

*Version 2, March 2017*

License Notice changed.

Introduction of vortex centrifuges into the PCR Setup Procedure.

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FOR *IN VITRO* USE ONLY

## **foodproof<sup>®</sup> GMO Screening 2 LyoKit**

(bar, P-35S-pat, CTP2-CP4-EPSPS, P-NOS-nptII and P-35S-nptII)

### **– 5'Nuclease –**

**Version 2, March 2017**

PCR kit for the qualitative detection of genetically modified organisms (GMO) by screening for bar, P-35S-pat, CTP2-CP4-EPSPS, P-NOS-nptII, and P-35S-nptII using real-time PCR instruments.

**Order No. R 602 18-1 / R 602 18-2**

**Kit for 96 reactions (lyophilized) for a maximum of  
94 samples**

**Store the kit at 2 to 8 °C**



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## 1. What this Product Does

### Number of Tests

The kit is designed for 96 reactions with a final reaction volume of 25 µl each. Up to 94 samples (single sample preparation) plus positive and negative control reactions can be analyzed per run.

### Storage and Stability

- Store the kit at 2 °C to 8 °C through the expiration date printed on the label.
- Once the kit is opened, store the kit components as described in the following kit contents table:

### Kit contents

Component	Label	Contents / Function / Storage
foodproof <sup>®</sup> GMO Screening 2 LyoKit Microplate, prefilled with 96 reactions (lyophilized)	Aluminum bag containing a 8-tube strip mat <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• R 602 18-1 with white low profile tubes*</li><li>• R 602 18-2 with clear regular profile tubes*</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 96 prefilled reactions (lyophilized).</li><li>• Ready-to-use PCR mix containing primer and hydrolysis probes specific for the <i>bar</i> gene of <i>Streptomyces hygroscopicus</i>, the P-35S-pat construct-specific sequence, the CTP2-CP4-EPSPS construct-specific sequence, the P-NOS-nptII construct-specific sequence, the P-35S-nptII construct-specific sequence as well as Taq DNA Polymerase and Uracil-DNA N-Glycosylase (UNG, heat labile) for prevention of carry-over contamination.</li><li>• For amplification and detection of <i>bar</i>, P-35S-pat, CTP2-CP4-EPSPS and P-NOS-nptII or P-35S-nptII.</li><li>• Store at 2 °C to 8 °C in the aluminum bag (sealed).</li><li>• <b>Protect from light and moisture!</b></li></ul>
Control Template	Vial 2 (purple cap)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1 x 250 µl</li><li>• Contains a stabilized solution of DNA.</li><li>• For use as a PCR run positive control.</li><li>• Store at 2 to 8 °C.</li></ul>
H <sub>2</sub> O PCR-grade	Vial 3 (colorless cap)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 2 x 1 ml</li><li>• Nuclease-free, PCR-grade H<sub>2</sub>O.</li><li>• For use as a PCR run negative control.</li></ul>
Cap strips	Plastic bag containing 8-cap strips	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 12 x 8-cap strip</li><li>• For use in real-time PCR after addition of samples.</li></ul>

\*Tube profile and instrument compatibility chart is available online: [www.bc-diagnostics.com/compatibility-chart](http://www.bc-diagnostics.com/compatibility-chart)

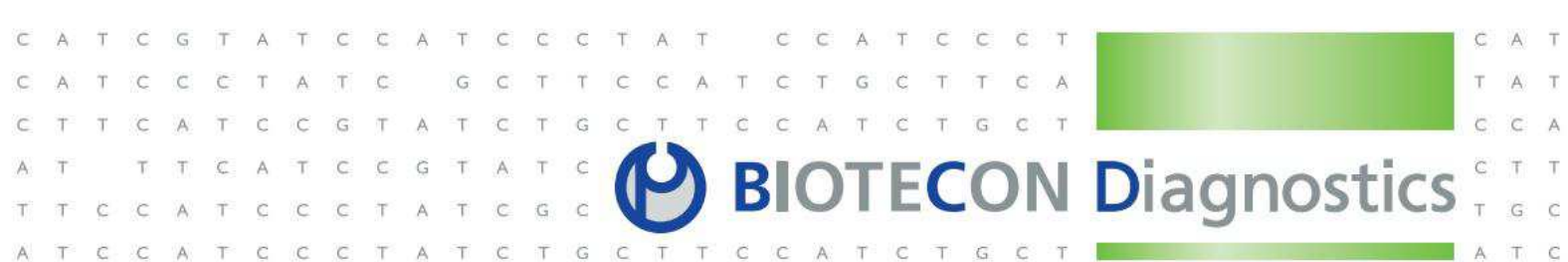
### Additional Equipment and Reagents Required

- Real-time PCR cycler suitable for detection of FAM-, HEX-, ROX- and Cy5-labeled probes as well as for using low or regular profile strip tubes. In cases the strip tubes don't fit for the instrument the samples have to be transferred after resuspension of the lyophilized PCR mix to appropriate PCR vessels.
- Sample Preparation Kit
  - foodproof<sup>®</sup> Sample Preparation Kit III (Order No. S 400 06.1)<sup>1</sup> or
  - foodproof<sup>®</sup> Magnetic Preparation Kit III (Order No. S 400 13)<sup>1</sup>
- Nuclease-free, aerosol-resistant pipette tips
- Pipettes
- Vortex centrifuge Multispin MSC-6000 for PCR-strips (Order No. D 110 66)<sup>1</sup> **with**
- SR-32, Rotor for MSC-3000/6000 (Order No. D 110 65)<sup>1</sup> **or**
- Vortex centrifuge CVP-2 for PCR-plates (Order No. D 110 67)<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Available from BIOTECON Diagnostics; see ordering Information for details

### Applicability Statement

The foodproof<sup>®</sup> GMO Screening 2 LyoKit – 5'Nuclease – is intended for the rapid detection of one or more of the five inserted primary control sequences (*bar*, P-35S-pat, CTP2-CP4-EPSPS, P-NOS-nptII or P-35S-nptII) in genetically modified plants from preparations of raw material and processed food as well as feed and seed samples.



The kit must not be used in diagnostic procedures.

The kit described in this instruction manual has been developed for real-time PCR instruments with a FAM, a HEX, a ROX and a Cy5 detection channel. The performance of the kit was tested with the following real-time PCR instruments: LightCycler® 480, LightCycler® 96 (Roche Diagnostics), Mx3005P® (Agilent Technologies), ABI 7500 FAST (Applied Biosystems), AriaMx® (Agilent Technologies), and PikoReal® 24 (Thermo Scientific).

**Note:** A color compensation (Color Compensation Set 3; Order No. A 500 10) is necessary and will be supplied by BIOTECON Diagnostics for users of the LC 480 Systems I and II. Please contact BIOTECON Diagnostics for further information.

## 2. How to Use this Product

### 2.1 Before You Begin

#### Precautions

Detection of DNA from genetically modified organisms (GMO) using the **foodproof**® GMO Screening 2 LyoKit requires DNA amplification by PCR. The kit provides all reagents required for the PCR. However, in order to achieve reliable results, the entire assay procedure must be performed under nuclease-free conditions. Follow the instructions below to avoid nuclease-, carry-over-, or cross-contamination:

- Keep the kit components separate from other reagents in the laboratory.
- Use nuclease-free labware (e.g., pipettes, pipette tips, reaction vials).
- Wear gloves when performing the assay.
- To avoid cross-contamination of samples and reagents, use fresh aerosol-preventive pipette tips.
- To avoid carry-over contamination, transfer the required solutions for one experiment into a fresh tube, rather than directly pipetting from stock solutions.
- Physically separate the workplaces for DNA preparation, PCR setup, and PCR to minimize the risk of carry-over contamination. Use a PCR hood for all pipetting steps.

**Keep the foodproof® GMO Screening 2 lyophilized PCR Mix away from light and moisture.**

#### Sample Material

Use any sample material suitable for PCR in terms of purity, concentration, and absence of inhibitors. For preparation of genomic DNA from raw material of plant origin or from food, refer to the corresponding product package inserts of a suitable sample preparation kit (see *“Additional Equipment and Reagents Required”*).

#### DNA Extraction

BIOTECON Diagnostics provides sample preparation kits suitable for all kind of raw material and food samples (see *“Additional Equipment and Reagents Required”*).

For more product information please refer to [www.bc-diagnostics.com](http://www.bc-diagnostics.com).

#### Positive Control

Always run a positive control with the samples. To prepare a positive control, replace the template DNA with the provided control DNA [**foodproof**® GMO Screening 2 Control Template (vial 2, purple cap)] or with a positive sample preparation control.

#### Negative Control

Always run a negative control with the samples. To prepare a negative control, replace the template DNA with H<sub>2</sub>O PCR-grade (vial 3, colorless cap). Include a negative control during sample preparation to monitor reaction purity and cross-contamination. This extraction control can be used as an additional negative control reaction.

## 2.2 Procedure

### Program Setup

The following procedure is optimized for a real-time PCR instrument with a FAM (for bar), HEX (for P-35S-pat), ROX (for CTP2-CP4-EPSPS) and Cy5 (for P-NOS-nptII and P-35S-nptII) detection channel. Program the PCR instrument before preparing the PCR samples. Use the following real-time PCR-protocol for the **foodproof**<sup>®</sup> GMO Screening 2 LyoKit. For details on how to program the experimental protocol, see the Instrument Operator's Manual of your real-time PCR-cycler:

#### Program for the Roche LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480, LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 96, AriaMx<sup>®</sup> and ABI 7500 FAST:

<u>Pre-incubation</u>	1 cycle
Step 1:	37 °C for 4 minutes
Step 2:	95 °C for 10 minutes
<u>Amplification</u>	<b>50</b> cycles
Step 1:	95 °C for 5 seconds
Step 2*:	60 °C for 60 seconds

#### Program for other real-time PCR instruments:

<u>Pre-incubation</u>	1 cycle
Step 1:	37 °C for 4 minutes
Step 2:	95 °C for 10 minutes
<u>Amplification</u>	<b>50</b> cycles
Step 1:	95 °C for 15 seconds
Step 2*:	60 °C for 60 seconds

\* Fluorescence detection in step 2

#### Notes:

- For some real-time PCR instruments the type of the probe quencher as well as the usage of a passive reference dye has to be specified. The **foodproof**<sup>®</sup> GMO Screening 2 LyoKit contains probes with a non-fluorescent (“dark”) quencher and no passive reference dye.
- For users of the Agilent Mx3005P instrument: Click “Instrument → Filter Set Gain Settings” to open the Filter Set Gain Settings dialog box in which the gain settings may be viewed and modified. For FAM the Filter Set Gain Setting has to be modified to “x1”.

### Preparation of the PCR Mix

Proceed as described below to prepare a 25 µl standard reaction. Always wear gloves when handling strips or caps. Use any sample material suitable for PCR in terms of purity, concentration, and absence of inhibitors.

**Note:** The PCR strips must be stored in the provided aluminum bag with the silica gel pads to avoid liquid absorption.

1. Take the needed number of PCR tube strips out of the aluminum bag. Use scissors or scalpel to cut the strips apart. Tightly seal the bag afterwards and store away at the recommended conditions.
2. Place the PCR tube strips containing the lyophilized reagents in a suitable PCR tube rack. Check that the reagent pellets are at the bottom of the tubes. If not, briefly centrifuge or flick the pellets to the bottom before proceeding.
3. Decap the tube strips cautiously and discard the cap strips.

**Note:** Do not leave strips open for extended periods of time. To avoid unwanted liquid absorption, open strips only shortly before filling.

4. Pipet 25 µl sample into each PCR-vessel:
  - For the samples of interest, add 25 µl sample DNA (if using less volume, add PCR-grade H<sub>2</sub>O to achieve 25 µl).
  - For the negative control, add 25 µl PCR-grade H<sub>2</sub>O (vial 3, colorless cap).
  - For the positive control, add 25 µl **foodproof**<sup>®</sup> GMO Screening 2 Control Template (vial 2, purple cap).

**Note:** To reduce the risk of cross-contamination, it is recommended to prepare only one PCR tube strip at a time.

5. Seal the vessels accurately and tightly with the colorless cap strips.

6. Mix thoroughly using a vortex centrifuge.

**Note:** BIOTECON Diagnostics recommends vortex centrifuges Multispin MSC-3000 (D 110 64) for PCR-strips or vortex centrifuge CVP-2 for PCR-plates (D 110 67). Dedicated protocols are available for this centrifuge.

**Note:** Alternatively resuspend the pellet by manual mixing. This may be achieved by cautiously pipetting the sample up and down multiple times during step 4 or flipping the tube strips after sealing while pressing down the cap strip.

7. Spin the PCR tube strips for 30 seconds at 150 – 200 g in a suitable centrifuge.

**Note:** If your centrifuge exceeds 200 g, do not centrifuge for more than 5 seconds. Avoid centrifugation at forces exceeding 1000 g!

8. Place the samples in your PCR cycler and run the program as described above.

**Note:** For using any LightCycler 480 instrument, a special adapter (Order No. Z 100 24) is necessary. For some PCR instruments, the PCR strips should be placed in a balanced order into the cycler block. For example two strips can be placed in column 1 and 12.

### 2.3 Data Interpretation

The amplification of the *bar* gene sequence is analyzed in the fluorescence channel suitable for FAM labeled probes detection. The amplification of the P-35S-pat sequence is analyzed in the fluorescence channel suitable for the detection of HEX labeled and the amplification of the CTP2-CP4-EPSPS sequence is analyzed in the fluorescence channel suitable for the detection of ROX labeled probes. The specific amplification of the P-NOS-nptII or P-35S-nptII sequence is analyzed in the fluorescence channel suitable for Cy5.

Compare the results from channel FAM (*bar*), channel HEX (P-35S-pat), channel ROX (CTP2-CP4-EPSPS) and channel Cy5 (P-NOS-nptII or P-35S-nptII) for each sample, and interpret the results as described in the table below.

Channel FAM ( <i>bar</i> )	Channel HEX (P-35S-pat)	Channel ROX (CTP2-CP4-EPSPS)	Channel Cy5 (P-NOS-nptII or P-35S-nptII)	Result Interpretation
Positive	Positive	Positive	Positive	Positive for <i>bar</i> , P-35S-pat, CTP2-CP4-EPSPS and P-NOS-nptII or P-35S-nptII
Positive	Positive	Positive	Negative	Positive for <i>bar</i> , P-35S-pat and CTP2-CP4-EPSPS
Positive	Positive	Negative	Negative	Positive for <i>bar</i> and P-35S-pat
Positive	Negative	Negative	Negative	Positive for <i>bar</i>
Negative	Positive	Negative	Negative	Positive for P-35S-pat
Negative	Negative	Positive	Negative	Positive for CTP2-CP4-EPSPS
Negative	Negative	Negative	Positive	Positive for P-NOS-nptII or P-35S-nptII
Negative	Positive	Positive	Negative	Positive for P-35S-pat and CTP2-CP4-EPSPS
Negative	Negative	Positive	Positive	Positive for CTP2-CP4-EPSPS and P-NOS-nptII or P-35S-nptII
Positive	Negative	Negative	Positive	Positive for <i>bar</i> and P-NOS-nptII or P-35S-nptII
Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative for <i>bar</i> , P-35S-pat, CTP2-CP4-EPSPS and P-NOS-nptII or P-35S-nptII



**Note:** A prerequisite for the unambiguous discrimination of bar, P-35S-pat, CTP2-CP4-EPSPS and P-NOS-nptII or P-35S-nptII in this multi-color experiment is a suitable calibration of the PCR instrument for channels FAM, HEX, ROX and Cy5. Please refer to the operation manual of your real-time PCR cycler for further information.

### 3. Troubleshooting

Observation	Possible Reason	Recommendation
No signal increase is observed, even with positive controls.	Incorrect detection channel has been chosen.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Set Channel settings to FAM, HEX, ROX or Cy5.</li></ul>
	Pipetting errors.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Check for correct reaction setup. Repeat the PCR run.</li><li>• Always run a positive control along with your samples.</li></ul>
	No data acquisition programmed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Check the cycle programs.</li></ul>
Fluorescence intensity is too low.	Inappropriate storage of kit components.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Store the <b>foodproof</b><sup>®</sup> GMO Screening 2 lyophilized PCR Mix at 2 °C to 8 °C, protected from light and moisture.</li></ul>
	Low initial amount of target DNA.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Increase the amount of sample DNA. Depending on the chosen DNA isolation method, inhibitory effects may occur.</li></ul>
Strong decrease of fluorescence baseline	Resuspension of lyophilized PCR mix not complete	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Always resuspend lyophilized PCR mix thoroughly.</li></ul>
Negative control samples are positive.	Carry-over contamination.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Exchange all critical solutions.</li><li>• Repeat the complete experiment with fresh aliquots of all reagents.</li><li>• Always handle samples, kit components and consumables in accordance with commonly accepted practices to prevent carry-over contamination.</li><li>• Add positive controls after sample and negative control reaction vessels have been sealed.</li></ul>
Fluorescence intensity varies.	Insufficient centrifugation of the PCR strips. Resuspend PCR mix is still in the upper part of the vessel.	Always centrifuge PCR strips.
	Outer surface of the vessel or the seal is dirty (e.g., by direct skin contact).	Always wear gloves when handling the vessels and seal.
Pellets are difficult to dissolve.	The lyophilized PCR mix started to rehydrate.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Store the lyophilized PCR mix always in the aluminum bag with the silica gel pad</li><li>• Open Strip shortly before filling.</li></ul>

### 4. Additional Information on this Product

#### How this Product Works

The **foodproof**<sup>®</sup> GMO Screening 2 LyoKit provides all necessary reagents for reliable interpretations of results. Hydrolysis probes were designed to bind and detect specifically the GMO-DNA in the FAM (bar), HEX (P-35S-pat), ROX (CTP2-CP4-EPSPS) and Cy5 channel (P-NOS-nptII and P-35S-nptII). The **foodproof**<sup>®</sup> GMO Screening 2 LyoKit minimizes contamination risk and contains all reagents (except for template DNA) needed for the detection of GMO-DNA. Primers and probes provide specific detection of GMO-DNA in food samples. The described performance of the kit is guaranteed for use on the real-time PCR instruments listed above only. The assays are according to ISO 21569 and to German Food Law § 64 LFGB for the detection of genetically modified DNA sequences [1, 2, 3].



## Test Principle

1. Using the kit's sequence-specific primers in a polymerase chain reaction (PCR), the PCR instrument and the supplied reagents amplify fragments of the *bar* gene, the P-35S-pat construct, the CTP2-CP4-EPSPS construct, the P-NOS-nptII construct and the P-35S-nptII construct specific sequences.
2. The PCR instrument detects these amplified fragments in real time through fluorescence generated by cleavage of the hybridized probe due to the 5'-nuclease activity of the Taq DNA polymerase. The probe is labeled at the 5'-end with a reporter fluorophore and at the 3'-end with a quencher.
3. During the annealing/elongation phase of each PCR cycle, the probe hybridizes to an internal sequence of the amplicon and is cleaved by the 5'-nuclease activity of the Taq DNA polymerase. This cleavage of the probe separates the reporter dye from the quencher dye, increasing the reporter dye signal.
4. The PCR instrument measures the emitted fluorescence of the reporter dye.

## Prevention of Carry-Over Contamination

The heat-labile Uracil-DNA N-Glycosylase (UNG) is suitable for preventing carry-over contamination between PCR's. This technique relies on the incorporation of deoxyuridine triphosphate (dUTP) during all amplification reactions, and the pretreatment of all successive PCR mixtures with the heat-labile UNG. The UNG cleaves DNA at any site where a deoxyuridine residue has been incorporated. The resulting abasic sites are hydrolyzed due to the high temperatures during the initial denaturation step, and can no longer serve as PCR templates. The heat-labile UNG is inactivated during the initial denaturation step. Native DNA (e.g., the isolated plant genomic DNA) does not contain uracil and is therefore not degraded by this procedure. Since dTTP is replaced with dUTP and UNG is included in the **foodproof**<sup>®</sup> GMO Screening 2 LyoKit, decontamination can be achieved with the provided reagents.

## Background Information

In order to improve product quality, agronomic traits, as well as develop resistance to pests, genetic modification of agriculture crops has become a predominant activity of research departments in the agricultural industry. Due to the ongoing debate surrounding food containing genetically modified organisms (GMOs), and consumer requests for unambiguous labeling of genetically modified foods, various countries established, or are currently in the process of establishing, regulatory frameworks dedicated to GMOs (e.g., Europe [4]). In order to take such frameworks into account, reliable methods for GMO screening in food products are required. The **foodproof**<sup>®</sup> GMO Screening 2 LyoKit provides a simple and rapid molecular method for the simultaneous detection of the *bar*, P-35S-pat, CTP2-CP4-EPSPS, P-NOS-nptII and P-35S-nptII sequences in DNA preparations from raw material and food samples. The phosphinothricin acetyl transferase gene from *Streptomyces hygrosopicus* (*bar*), the DNA transition sequence between the 35S-promoter of the cauliflower mosaic virus and the modified phosphinothricin acetyl transferase gene from *Streptomyces viridochromogenes* (*pat*), the transition sequence from CTP2 (chloroplast transit peptide signal sequence from *Arabidopsis thaliana*) to the herbicide tolerance gene *cp4-epsps* (5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene from *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* strain CP4), the DNA transition sequence between the promoter region of the nopaline synthase gene of *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* (*P-nos*) or the 35S-promoter of the cauliflower mosaic virus (P-35S) and the neomycin-phosphotransferase gene (*nptII*) from the Tn5 transposon of *Escherichia coli* K12 are five sequences commonly found in genetically modified plants.

## References

1. International Organization of Standardization. ISO 21569, Foodstuffs - Methods of analysis for the detection of genetically modified organisms and derived products - Qualitative nucleic acid based methods, 2013-08
2. International Organization of Standardization. ISO/TS 21569-3 Horizontal methods for molecular biomarker analysis - Methods of analysis for the detection of genetically modified organisms and derived products - Part 3: Construct-specific real-time PCR method for detection of P35S-pat-sequence for screening genetically modified organisms, 2015-2
3. Reiting, R. Real-time PCR methods for the detection of DNA constructs with the nptII gene for the detection of genetically modified plants in food, feed and seed. J. Verbr. Lebensm., 5, 2010, pp. 377-39
4. Regulation (EC) No 1830/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 concerning the traceability and labelling of genetically modified organisms and the traceability of food and feed products produced from genetically modified organisms and amending Directive 2001/18/EC

## Quality Control

The **foodproof**<sup>®</sup> GMO Screening 2 LyoKit is function tested using the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 System.

## 5. Supplementary Information

### 5.1 Ordering Information

BIOTECON Diagnostics is offering a broad range of reagents and services. For a complete overview and for more information, please visit our website at [www.bc-diagnostics.com](http://www.bc-diagnostics.com).

### 5.2 License

#### License Notice

The purchase price of this product includes limited, nontransferable rights under U.S. Patent No. 7,687,247 owned by Life Technologies Corporation to use only this amount of the product to practice the claims in said patent solely for activities of the purchaser for bioburden testing, environmental testing, food testing, or testing for genetically modified organisms (GMO) in accordance with the instructions for use accompanying this product. No other rights are conveyed, including no right to use this product for *in vitro* diagnostic, therapeutic, or prophylactic purposes. Further information on purchasing licenses under the above patent may be obtained by contacting the Licensing Department, Life Technologies Corporation, 5791 Van Allen Way, Carlsbad, CA 92008. Email: [outlicensing@lifetech.com](mailto:outlicensing@lifetech.com).

### 5.3 Trademarks

**foodproof**<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of BIOTECON Diagnostics GmbH.

Other brand or product names are trademarks of their respective holders.

### 5.4 Contact and Support

If you have questions about this or any other product of BIOTECON Diagnostics, please contact our Technical Support staff (for details see [www.bc-diagnostics.com](http://www.bc-diagnostics.com)). Our scientists commit themselves to providing rapid and effective help. We also want you to contact us if you have suggestions for enhancing our product performance or using our products in new or specialized ways. Such customer information has repeatedly proven invaluable to us and the worldwide research community.

## 6. Change Index

*Version 1, March 2015*

First version of the package insert.

*Version 2, March 2017*

License Notice changed.

Introduction of vortex centrifuges into the PCR Setup Procedure.

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